

麦聪 DaaS 平台

升级文档

版本 : 3.6.1

麦聪软件

目录

升级文档	1
1 准备工作	3
1.1 备份 POSTGRESQL 数据库.....	3
1.2 准备安装包	3
2 升级麦聪软件麦聪 DaaS 平台.....	4
2.1 暂停服务	4
2.2 升级服务	4
2.2.1 升级 PostgreSQL 的系统库.....	4
2.2.2 配置参数	5
2.3 启动软件	7
2.4 验证	8
3 回滚	9
3.1 还原数据库	9
3.2 重启服务	11

1 准备工作

1.1 备份 POSTGRESQL 数据库

- 备份

执行备份命令 `pg_dump -h <本机 IP> -U postgres -d maicong -f maicong.sql`, 后输入密码.

```
[ -bash-4.2$ pg_dump -h 172.21.96.230 -U postgres -d maicong -f maicong.sql
[Password:
[ -bash-4.2$ ls
12  maicong.sql
[ -bash-4.2$ ll
total 80
drwx----- 4 postgres postgres 4096 May 23 15:41 12
-rw-r--r-- 1 postgres postgres 76478 May 23 16:39 maicong.sql
```

Tip

v -h: 数据库所在 ip 地址

v -U: 用户名

v -d: 需要备份的数据库名

v -f: 保存的文件名

1.2 准备安装包

- 访问下载页面 <http://www.maicongs.com/#/home/probation>
选择合适的软件版本, 点击下载



- 安装包移动到服务器并解压

解压

`unzip maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2.zip`

```
[root@node1 software]# unzip maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2.zip
Archive:  maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2.zip
  creating: maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/
  inflating: maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/maicong-daas.sh
  creating: maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/static/
  inflating: maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/static/d70ab0885fcc546aaf5eee0c5fca6278.js
  extracting: maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/static/8e81f51d2e7be98e9e45fe93239c7e99.js.gz
  extracting: maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/static/2f1b71c04ca88bae69f1798880dbc985.js.gz
  extracting: maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/static/0e2b01b47e44420845e746886a7d572.js.gz
```

2 升级麦聪软件麦聪 DaaS 平台

2.1 暂停服务

- cd 到原安装目录
cd maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2
- 暂停服务
. ./maicong-daas.sh stop

```
[root@node1 maicongsoftware_3.1.0]# ./maicong-daas.sh stop
maicong-daas server is stopped.
```

2.2 升级服务

2.2.1 升级 PostgreSQL 的系统库

进入安装 Postgresql 的机器上

- 执行升级数据库脚本:
命令: psql -h <本机 IP> -d maicong -U postgres -f /<安装文件解压地址>/config/init_db.sql

```
-bash-4.2$ psql -d maicong -U postgres -f /software/maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/config/init_db.sql
psql:/software/maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/config/init_db.sql:7: ERROR:  relation "access" already exists
psql:/software/maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/config/init_db.sql:30: ERROR:  relation "api_base" already exists
psql:/software/maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/config/init_db.sql:38: ERROR:  relation "api_catalog_child" already exists
psql:/software/maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/config/init_db.sql:47: ERROR:  relation "api_catalog_ref" already exists
psql:/software/maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/config/init_db.sql:54: ERROR:  relation "api_catalog_root" already exists
psql:/software/maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/config/init_db.sql:68: ERROR:  relation "api_log" already exists
psql:/software/maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/config/init_db.sql:79: ERROR:  relation "api_param_in" already exists
psql:/software/maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/config/init_db.sql:88: ERROR:  relation "api_param_out" already exists
psql:/software/maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/config/init_db.sql:101: ERROR:  relation "api_share" already exists
psql:/software/maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/config/init_db.sql:109: ERROR:  relation "catalog_child" already exists
psql:/software/maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/config/init_db.sql:116: ERROR:  relation "catalog_root" already exists
psql:/software/maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/config/init_db.sql:126: ERROR:  relation "catalog_table_ref" already exists
psql:/software/maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/config/init_db.sql:132: ERROR:  relation "col_selected_state_record" already exists
psql:/software/maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/config/init_db.sql:146: ERROR:  relation "data_quality_col_daily" already exists
```

Note

升级与初始化共用“init_db.sql”，存在多个建表语句，但是该表本身已存在，所以会报错，如下图出现多个ERROR，不必担心

2.2.2 配置参数

- 修改产品配置 修改 config/maicong.yaml 文件
yaml文件中的冒号“：“后面要有一个英文的空格

```
=====
# ===== MaiCongSoftWare Configuration =====
#
# NOTE: MAICONGSOFTWARE comes with reasonable defaults for most settings.
#       Before you set out to tweak and tune the configuration, make sure you
#       understand what are you trying to accomplish and the consequences.
#
# The primary way of configuring a node is via this file. This template lists
# the most important settings you may want to configure for a production cluster.
#
# Please consult the documentation for further information on configuration options:
# http://www.maicongs.com/#/listdocu
#
# ----- Network -----
# ----- API -----
# the parameter valid for user use restful api to create api and download, backend server ip
# and port
# some times maybe virtual IP for cluster, fg nginx need to set to nginx server ip and port,
# format: http://localhost:8080
# must
virtualIP: http://*:8083
# set the server run port for backend and frontend, this is backend port
# must
server.port: 8083
#
# ----- DB configuration -----
-
master.datasource.driverClassName: org.postgresql.Driver
master.datasource.initial-size: 10
master.datasource.max-active: 100
master.datasource.min-idle: 10
# set the username and password for db use
master.datasource.username: postgres
master.datasource.password: 123456
# set the connection url for db
master.datasource.url: jdbc:postgresql://*:5432/maicong
#master.datasource.url: jdbc:postgresql://*:5432/maicong
# ----- CUSTOM Only for Hadoop-----
-
hadoop.metastore.upperlow: 1
# set the hadoop db filter, if you don't want to get all hadoop dbs, you can set the parameter
# the format is: dbID1:dbName1,dbID2:dbName2
config.hadoop.filter:
# set the filePath for hadoop kerberos certification files
filePath: /software/maicongsoftware/keytab
# set the server is master, if master, set 1, if not slave. one cluster only one master
master: 1
#
# ----- LOG -----
# log level, you can set info, error, warn, debug
logging.level.com.mc.dao: info
```

virtualIP: 服务器地址:端口

server.port: 默认系统启动端口

master.datasource.password: PostgreSQL 的连接密码 (冒号后需带空格)

master.datasource.url: PostgreSQL 数据库中相应的连接字符串: 有 IP, 端口和数据库名称 (此处为 maicong, 应为初次安装 POSTGRESQL12 步骤创建的数据库名称为"maicong")

filePath: Hadoop 存入 kerberos keytab 的路径 (如果连接 Hadoop Kerberos 需要配置, 否则不需要)。

- 修改前端连接后端的地址和端口 修改 static/config.js 文件
将 IP:Port, 指向应用服务器安装的地址和端口

```
window.global_config = {
  BASE_URL: "http://(127.0.0.1):8083/",
};

```

- 配置 java 启动内存

```
vi maicong-daas.sh
```

修改-xms 和 -xmx 为启动内存和最大内存

```
#!/bin/bash
SIGNAL=${SIGNAL:-TERM}
SHELL_FOLDER=$(cd "$(dirname "$0")";pwd)
APP_JAR=$(cd $SHELL_FOLDER;ls Maicong-DaaS-*.jar)
LOG_PATH=$SHELL_FOLDER/log
PID=""
CMD=""

JAVA_OPTS="
-server
-Xms2g
-Xmx4g
-XX:+UseG1GC
-XX:+UseStringDeduplication
-XX:+AlwaysPreTouch
-XX:+PrintGCDetails
-XX:+PrintGCTimeStamps
-XX:+PrintGCCause
-Xloggc:$LOG_PATH/maicong-daas-gc.log
-XX:+HeapDumpOnOutOfMemoryError
-XX:HeapDumpPath=$LOG_PATH/maicong-daas-heapdump
-Dfile.encoding=utf-8"

start(){
    if [ -n "$PID" ]; then
        echo -e "\e[31mmaicong-daas server is running"
    else
        echo -e "\e[32mmaicong-daas server is starting"
        nohup java $JAVA_OPTS -jar $APP_JAR >> $LOG_PATH/maicong-daas.log &
        PID=$!
        echo "server pid is $PID"
    fi
}

stop(){
    if [ -n "$PID" ]; then
        kill -${SIGNAL} $PID
        if [ $? -eq 0 ]; then
            echo -e "\e[32mstop success"
        else
            echo -e "\e[31mstop failed"
        fi
    else
        echo -e "\e[31mstop failed, no process found"
    fi
}
```

2.3 启动软件

- 添加启动文件 app.sh 的执行权限
`chmod +x maicong-daas.sh`

- 启动应用: ./maicong-daas.sh start

- 停止应用: `./maicong-daas.sh stop`
- 附: 日志文件在 `log/maicong-daas-console.log`

```

2022-05-23 17:00:56.830 [main] INFO com.mc.MainApplication - Starting MainApplication v3.1.0
.1-release on node1 with PID 2371 (/software/maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2/Maicong-DaaS-3.1.0.1-rel
ease.jar started by root in /software/maicongsoftware_3.1.0.2)
2022-05-23 17:00:56.834 [main] INFO com.mc.MainApplication - No active profile set, falling
back to default profiles: default
2022-05-23 17:00:58.918 [main] INFO o.s.boot.web.embedded.tomcat.TomcatWebServer - Tomcat in
itialized with port(s): 8083 (http)
2022-05-23 17:00:58.936 [main] INFO org.apache.coyote.http11.Http11NioProtocol - Initializin
g ProtocolHandler ["http-nio-8083"]
2022-05-23 17:00:58.937 [main] INFO org.apache.catalina.core.StandardService - Starting serv
ice [Tomcat]
2022-05-23 17:00:58.937 [main] INFO org.apache.catalina.core.StandardEngine - Starting Servl
et engine: [Apache Tomcat/9.0.27]
2022-05-23 17:00:59.034 [main] INFO o.a.c.core.ContainerBase.[Tomcat].[localhost].[] - Init
ializing Spring embedded WebApplicationContext
2022-05-23 17:00:59.034 [main] INFO org.springframework.web.context.ContextLoader - Root Web
ApplicationContext: initialization completed in 2132 ms
2022-05-23 17:01:00.851 [main] INFO o.s.scheduling.concurrent.ThreadPoolTaskExecutor - Initi
alizing ExecutorService
2022-05-23 17:01:00.852 [main] INFO o.s.scheduling.concurrent.ThreadPoolTaskExecutor - Initi
alizing ExecutorService 'exportExecutor'
2022-05-23 17:01:01.191 [main] INFO o.s.b.a.web.servlet.WelcomePageHandlerMapping - Adding w
elcome page: ServletContext resource [/index.html]
2022-05-23 17:01:01.497 [main] INFO o.s.scheduling.concurrent.ThreadPoolTaskScheduler - Initi
alizing ExecutorService 'taskScheduler'
2022-05-23 17:01:01.572 [main] INFO org.apache.coyote.http11.Http11NioProtocol - Starting Pr
otocolHandler ["http-nio-8083"]
2022-05-23 17:01:01.621 [main] INFO org.mortbay.log - Logging to Logger[org.mortbay.log] via
org.mortbay.log.Slf4jLog
2022-05-23 17:01:01.647 [main] INFO o.s.boot.web.embedded.tomcat.TomcatWebServer - Tomcat st
arted on port(s): 8083 (http) with context path ''
2022-05-23 17:01:01.652 [main] INFO com.mc.MainApplication - Started MainApplication in 6.32
3 seconds (JVM running for 8.028)
2022-05-23 17:01:02.012 [main] INFO com.alibaba.druid.pool.DruidDataSource - {dataSource-1}
initiated
maicong-daas.log (END)

```

2.4 验证

测试登录, 访问 ip:port, 并使用原用户密码登陆





3 回滚

若新版本安装失败，则需要恢复数据库并使用老版本软件重新启动应用。**本操作仅在安装失败时需要进行，请谨慎操作。**

3.1 还原数据库

- 删除数据库: maicong (可根据实际数据库名)

进入 psql

```
psql -h <本机 IP> -U postgres
```

```
[root@node1 Software]# psql -h 172.17.82.137 -U postgres
用户 postgres 的口令：
psql (12.3)
输入 "help" 来获取帮助信息 .
```

执行命令: drop database maicong;

```

-bash-4.2$ psql
psql (12.3)
Type "help" for help.

postgres=> \l
              List of databases
  Name   |  Owner   | Encoding | Collate | Ctype | Access privileges
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
maicong | postgres | UTF8    | en_US.UTF-8 | en_US.UTF-8 |
postgres | postgres | UTF8    | en_US.UTF-8 | en_US.UTF-8 |
template0 | postgres | UTF8    | en_US.UTF-8 | en_US.UTF-8 | =c/postgres      +
template1 | postgres | UTF8    | en_US.UTF-8 | en_US.UTF-8 | =c/postgres      +
                           |           |           |           |           | postgres=CTc/postgres
                           |           |           |           |           | =c/postgres      +
                           |           |           |           |           | postgres=CTc/postgres
(4 rows)

postgres=> drop database maicong;
DROP DATABASE
postgres=> \l
              List of databases
  Name   |  Owner   | Encoding | Collate | Ctype | Access privileges
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
postgres | postgres | UTF8    | en_US.UTF-8 | en_US.UTF-8 |
template0 | postgres | UTF8    | en_US.UTF-8 | en_US.UTF-8 | =c/postgres      +
template1 | postgres | UTF8    | en_US.UTF-8 | en_US.UTF-8 | =c/postgres      +
                           |           |           |           |           | postgres=CTc/postgres
                           |           |           |           |           | =c/postgres      +
                           |           |           |           |           | postgres=CTc/postgres
(3 rows)

```

- 新建数据库: maicong (可用任何名字)

执行命令: `create database maicong;`

```

-bash-4.2$ psql
psql (12.3)
Type "help" for help.

postgres=# create database maicong;
CREATE DATABASE
postgres=#

```

- 执行还原命令 `psql -h <数据库 IP> -U postgres -d maicong -f maicong.sql`, 后输入密码.

```

-bash-4.2$ psql -h 172.21.96.230 -U postgres -d maicong -f maicong.sql
Password for user postgres:
SET
SET
SET
SET
SET
SET
set_config
-----
(1 row)

SET
SET
SET
SET
SET
SET
CREATE TABLE
ALTER TABLE
CREATE SEQUENCE

```

Tip

v -h: 数据库所在 ip 地址

v -U: 用户名

v -d: 需要还原的数据库名
v -f: 备份的文件名

3.2 重启服务

进入老版本程序目录，执行命令：./maicong-daas.sh start

Note

启动的是老版本目录下的产品